

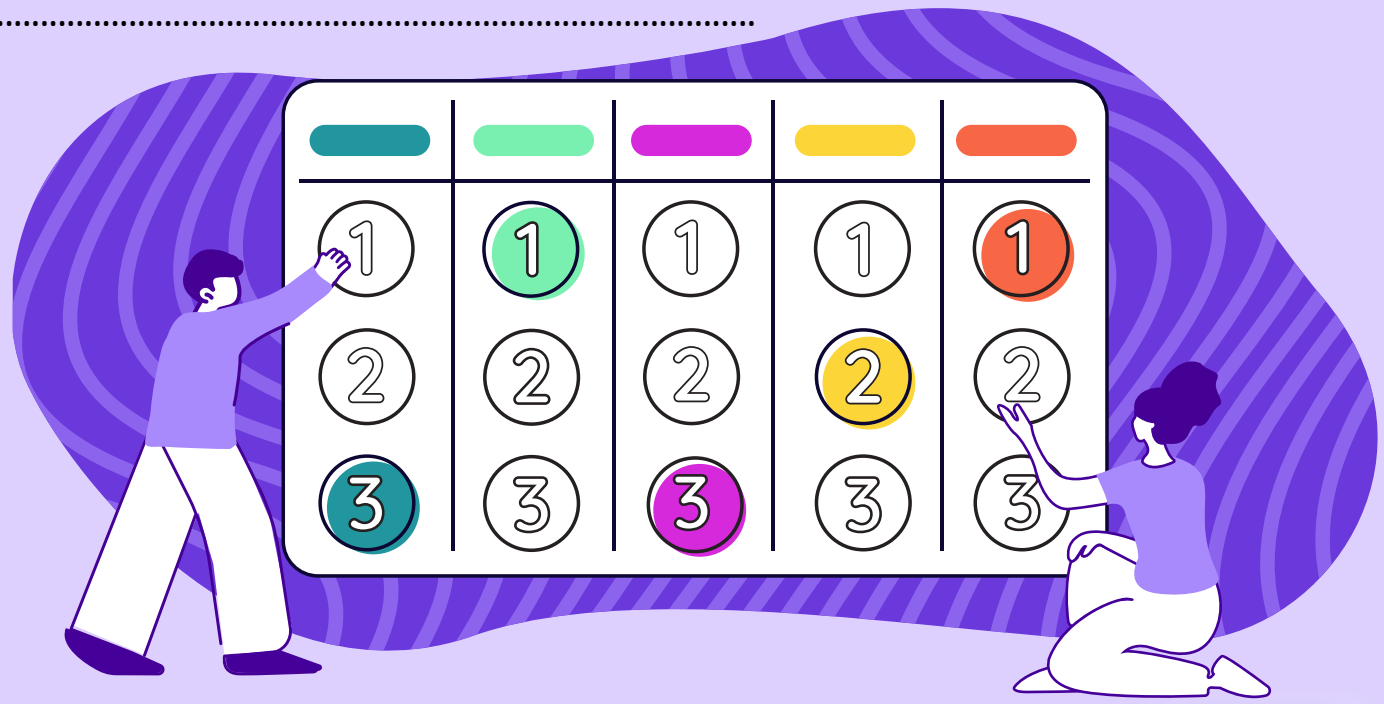
The Definitive Guide to the Site Enablement Maturity Assessment

How to Be a Sponsor of Choice:
A Methodology for Measuring
the Maturity of Site Enablement
Capabilities in Clinical Trial
Research Operations



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Introduction

In the rapidly evolving landscape of clinical research, the importance of site enablement has never been more apparent. As the nexus of data collection, patient interaction, and protocol execution, clinical research sites play a pivotal role in the success of clinical trials - we can't bring cures to market without them. However, the traditional models of site management often fall short in today's digital age, leading to inefficiencies, delays, and missed opportunities. To address these challenges and unlock the full potential of research sites, a new approach is needed, an approach that puts **sites at the center of technology** solutioning.

The Site Enablement Model represents a paradigm shift in how clinical trial sponsors and Contract Research Organizations (CROs) interact with and support research sites. It emphasizes the need for **advanced technology, streamlined workflows, robust data analytics, and proactive engagement strategies** to optimize site operations and enhance clinical trial outcomes. That's the crux of a new platform in clinical research - Site Enablement. It's not only a platform, it's a vision, a mindset and a way of operating. If sites are the heart of research, Site Enablement is the **heart of clinical research software**.

This white paper provides an in-depth exploration of the Site Enablement Maturity Assessment, detailing its key

components and their implications for clinical trial operations. It presents a maturity assessment model (download excel file if you've yet to take the assessment) that allows sponsors and CROs to evaluate their current capabilities in critical areas such as workflow automation, remote site collaboration, site engagement, site operations, site reporting, and organizational design. Each level of maturity is defined, and practical steps for progression to the next level are outlined.

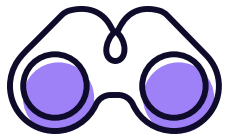
The goal of this white paper is not merely to inform but to **inspire action**. By understanding where they currently stand and the opportunities that lie ahead, sponsors and CROs can make strategic investments to enhance their site enablement posture, **allowing sites to do what they do best**. This is not just about improving individual processes; it's about transforming the entire approach to site management, leading to more efficient operations, improved data quality, and ultimately, better patient outcomes.

The journey towards full site enablement is a **strategic investment** that requires commitment, resources, and a clear vision. However, the potential rewards are significant. As you navigate through this white paper, we encourage you to consider how the insights and recommendations can be applied to your organization. The future of clinical research is here, and **it begins with site enablement**.

Benefits of Taking the Site Enablement Maturity Assessment

The Site Enablement Maturity Assessment serves as a valuable tool for clinical trial sponsors and CROs to **evaluate their site enablement capabilities** and guide their journey towards enhanced operational efficiency and successful clinical trial outcomes. By embracing this model, organizations can optimize their processes and **foster stronger relationships with sites**. The top 4 benefits of the Maturity Assessment are:

Visibility and Benchmarking



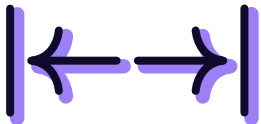
The assessment offers sponsors and CROs a comprehensive view of their site enablement capabilities. It enables them to benchmark their performance against industry best practices, allowing for a realistic assessment of their competitive position.

Strategic Decision-Making:



The assessment facilitates informed decision-making by providing a roadmap for progress towards their site enablement goals. Organizations can strategically invest in the most critical areas for enhancing their clinical trial operations, thereby increasing efficiency and overall success.

Gap Identification



By pinpointing the gaps between their current capabilities and higher maturity levels, organizations gain valuable insights into the specific areas that require improvement. This knowledge empowers them to prioritize their efforts and allocate resources efficiently.

Continuous Improvement



As a dynamic and evolving model, the Site Enablement Maturity Model encourages continuous improvement. Regular assessments allow organizations to track their progress over time and refine their strategies to adapt to changing industry demands and technological advancements.

[Take Assessment](#)

Methodology & Key Model Components



Key Components of the Site Enablement Maturity Model:

The Site Enablement Maturity Model is a comprehensive assessment framework designed to evaluate and measure the level of maturity of clinical trial sponsors and CROs in their site enablement capabilities. This model serves as a guide to understand where organizations currently stand in terms of workflow automation, remote site collaboration, site engagement, site operations and reporting, and organizational design. By assessing maturity across these critical capabilities, sponsors and CROs can **identify gaps** in their current processes and **take strategic steps** to improve their clinical trial operations.

Capability Domains:

The Site Enablement Maturity Model comprises five capability domains, each representing a crucial aspect of site enablement. These domains are :

1. Workflow Automation

2. Remote Site Collaboration

3. Site Engagement

4. Site Operations Reporting

5. Organizational Design

Level Definitions:

At each level within the capability domains, specific descriptions are provided to help organizations understand their current capabilities and limitations. These level definitions outline the characteristics, practices, and technology utilization expected at each stage of maturity. As organizations progress from one level to the next, they can identify potential challenges and opportunities for improvement.. Each domain is further divided into five levels, from the lowest level (Level 1) to the highest level of maturity (Level 5).

1	2	3	4	5
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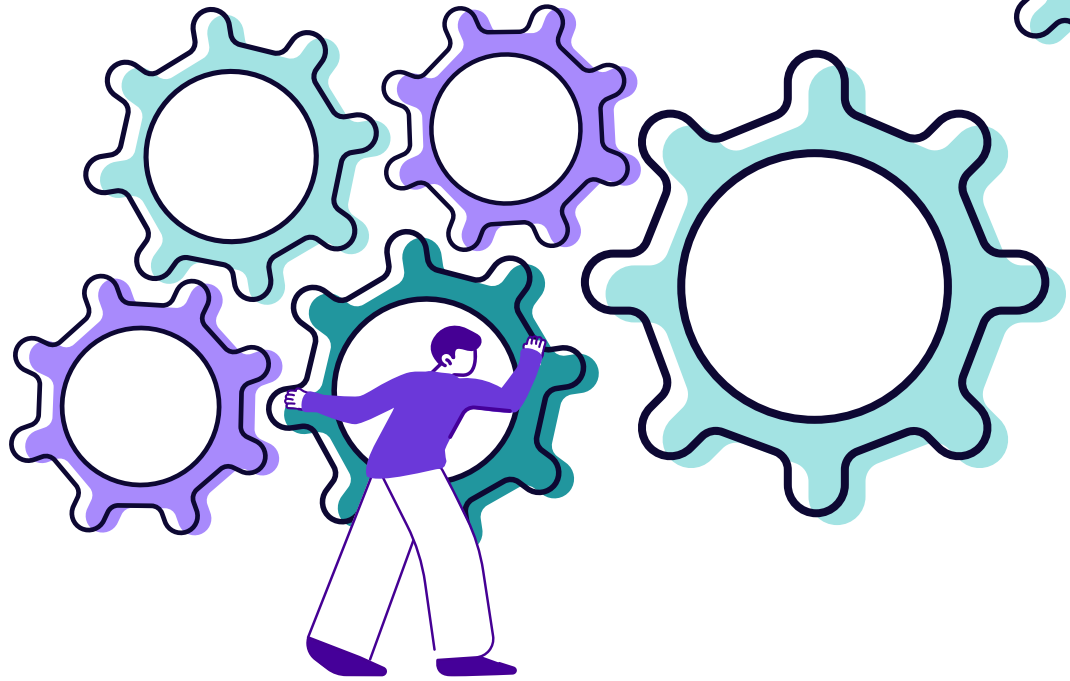
Assessment Criteria:

The Site Enablement Maturity Model provides a set of criteria and questions to evaluate an organization's maturity level in each capability domain. These criteria assess various operational aspects, such as workflow integration, real-time visibility, automation, technology support, site engagement, data collection, decision-making processes, and site support.

Scoring System:

Organizations are encouraged to score themselves based on the defined criteria within each capability domain. The scoring system allows for a quantitative evaluation of the maturity level, providing a clear picture of strengths and areas for improvement.

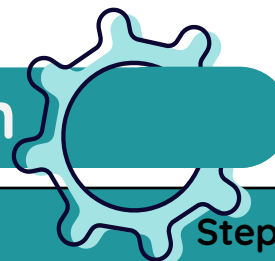
Capability 1: Workflow Automation



The ability to automate workflows and effectively manage capacity is a cornerstone of efficient clinical trial operations. This capability focuses on how well your organization integrates with site systems and workflows, maintains real-time visibility into site-based workflows, automates tasks and workflows at study sites, and distributes technology to sites without existing tech stacks. Achieving maturity in this area can significantly enhance operational efficiency, reduce manual errors, and ensure timely data exchange, opening up much needed trial capacity at sites.

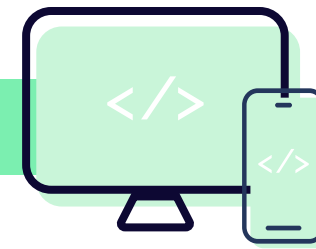
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Capability 1: Workflow Automation



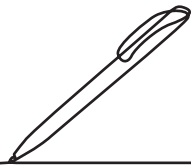
Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
1	Manual collection of documents and data, no real-time visibility, no task automation, no technology support to sites.	Inefficiency, delays, potential errors, and lack of real-time insights.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Invest in a digital platform for document and data exchange. 2. Begin to develop internal reporting systems for better visibility. 3. Start exploring task automation tools. 4. Consider providing basic technology support to sites.
2	Sites manually upload documents, limited visibility, basic task automation, some technology support to sites.	Limited efficiency, reactive rather than proactive management, incomplete task automation, and suboptimal site operations.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Upgrade to a system that allows automatic document and data transfer with sites using your distributed platform. 2. Enhance reporting systems for better visibility. 3. Improve task automation tools. 4. Expand technology support to sites.
3	Automatic document transfer with sites using your platform, moderate visibility, moderate task automation, improved technology support to sites.	Gaps in real-time tracking, not all sites are fully supported, and not all tools are integrated.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop a system for automatic document and data exchange regardless of the tools sites use. 2. Invest in technology for high visibility into site operations 3. Enhance task automation tools for real-time tracking. 4. Broaden technology distribution to sites.
4	Robust system for automatic document transfer, high visibility, high level of task automation, wide range of technology support to sites.	Not fully optimized for efficiency, real-time data exchange, and full capacity operation at all sites.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Achieve a high level of integration for real-time data exchange and minimal manual intervention. 2. Invest in technology for real-time visibility into every document and workflow at every site. 3. Ensure automatic task assignments based on work to be done. 4. Achieve total technology distribution to sites.
5	High level of integration, real-time visibility, automatic task assignments, total technology distribution to sites.	Fully optimized for efficiency, real-time data exchange, and full capacity operation at all sites.	Maintain and continuously improve systems and processes.

Capability 2: Remote Site Collaboration



In an increasingly digital world, the ability to collaborate remotely with study sites is essential. This domain examines the systems your organization has in place for remote monitoring and data access, remote document exchange, training for remote monitoring, and integration with existing site technology stacks. Advancing in this area can lead to improved data quality, faster issue resolution, and a more flexible and resilient approach to clinical trial site management.

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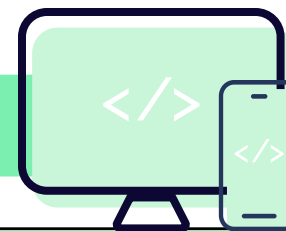


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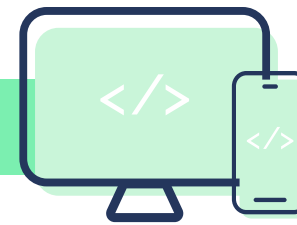
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Capability 2: Remote Site Collaboration



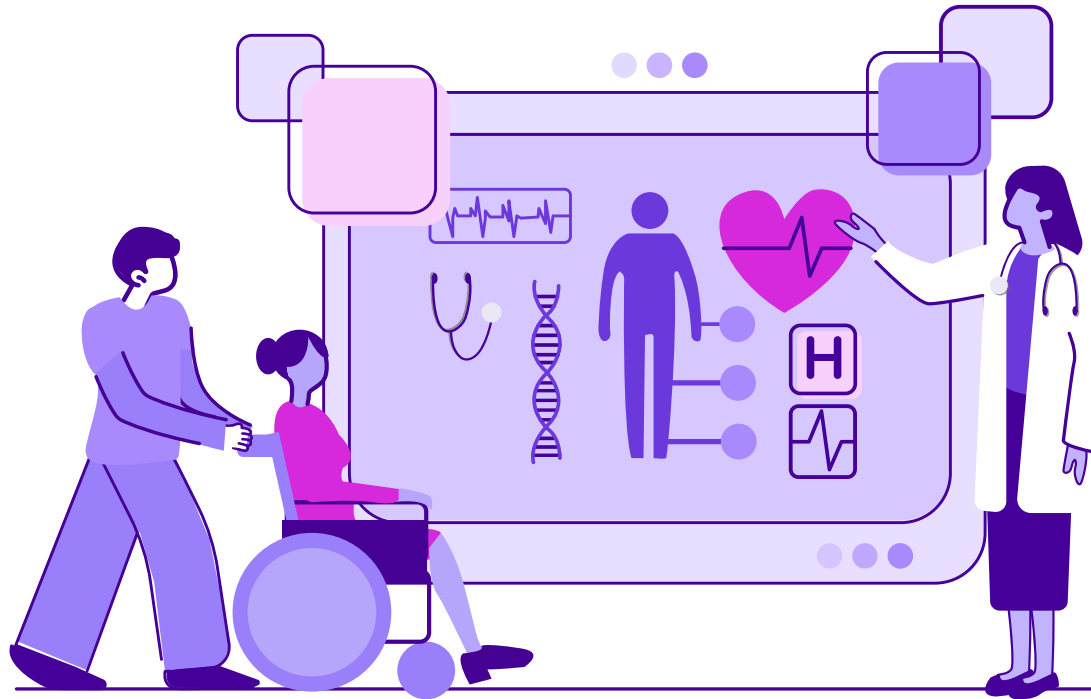
Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
1	Limited remote monitoring capabilities, traditional document exchange methods, limited training for remote monitoring, no integration with site technology stacks.	Inefficiency, delays, potential errors, lack of real-time insights, and limited collaboration.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop a basic remote monitoring infrastructure. 2. Start using digital tools for document exchange. 3. Provide basic training on remote monitoring expectations. 4. Start facilitating the process for sites to maintain their own data systems.
2	Basic remote monitoring infrastructure, use of some digital tools for document exchange, basic training for remote monitoring, ability to log into site systems for data collection.	Limited real-time data access, fragmented document exchange process, lack of depth in training, time-consuming data collection process.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Improve remote monitoring infrastructure for timely data access and document sharing. 2. Enhance digital tools for better collaboration. 3. Improve training programs for better understanding of remote monitoring processes. 4. Develop interfaces for partial integration with site-based systems.
3	Improved remote monitoring infrastructure, better collaboration through digital document exchange tools, improved training programs, partial integration with site-based systems.	Lack of real-time capabilities, challenges in fostering transparency, lack of ongoing education on technological advancements, not all systems are integrated.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Leverage technology for real-time access to study data and site documentation. 6. Foster a culture of transparency and proactive issue resolution. 7. Incorporate the latest technological advancements in training. 8. Enhance capacity to integrate with a wide variety of site-based systems.

Capability 2: Remote Site Collaboration



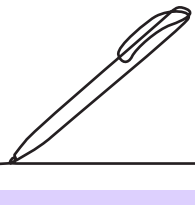
Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
4	Robust remote monitoring infrastructure, comprehensive set of digital document exchange tools, comprehensive training, integration with a wide variety of site-based systems.	Some areas still require manual intervention, some improvements can still be made in document exchange, ongoing education on technological advancements is still in progress, some sites still require manual data handling.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Develop a comprehensive and adaptive remote monitoring ecosystem.2. Facilitate seamless real-time document exchange and collaboration.3. Provide ongoing education on the latest technological advancements.4. Achieve full maturity in system integration.
5	Comprehensive and adaptive remote monitoring ecosystem, seamless real-time document exchange and collaboration, comprehensive training and support, full maturity in system integration.	Fully optimized for efficiency, real-time data exchange, and full capacity operation at all sites.	Maintain and continuously improve systems and processes.

Capability 3: Site Engagement

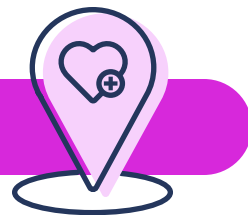


Building strong relationships with study sites is key to successful clinical trials. This domain focuses on how well your organization invests in site training and relationship building, fosters transparent and open communication with sites, and supports sites during the study. Enhancing your site engagement practices can lead to better site enrollment, protocol adherence, improved data quality, and stronger, more productive relationships with your study sites.

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Capability 3: Site Engagement



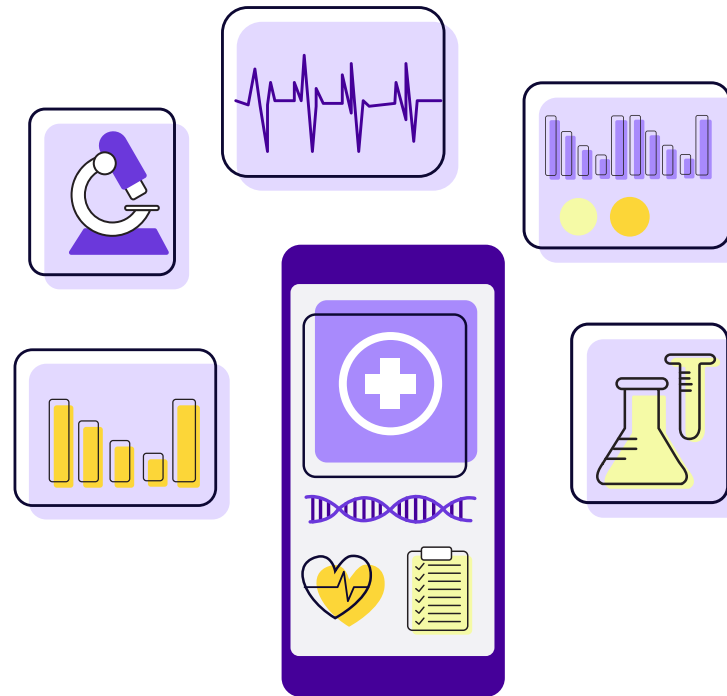
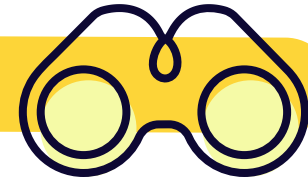
Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
1	Reactive approach to site relationship management, minimal communication with sites, limited support for sites.	Limited training quality, lack of transparency, delayed responses, and limited technology support.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop a basic approach to site relationship management and training. 2. Maintain some level of transparency with clinical research sites. 3. Provide basic support to sites and consider setting aside budgets for site support
2	Basic approach to site relationship management, some level of transparency with sites, basic support for sites.	Limited ability to address site queries, need for timely communication, lack of a dedicated contact point, and limited budgets for site support.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Improve protocol understanding among CRAs. 2. Improve timely communication about critical study aspects. 3. Designate a point of contact for sites. 4. Increase budgets for site support.
3	Improved protocol understanding among CRAs, improved transparency in communications, designated point of contact for sites.	Lack of personalization in site relationship management, lack of automated site status updates, lack of consistent backup contacts for CRAs	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prioritize proactive communication and strong support in site relationship management. 2. Share site-specific metrics and KPIs regularly. 3. Maintain backup contacts for CRAs

Capability 3: Site Engagement



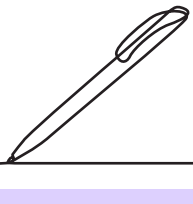
Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
4	Proactive communication and strong support in site relationship management, regular sharing of site-specific metrics and KPIs, strong support to sites.	Need for more trial-specific and personalized approach, full automation of site status updates is still in progress, more resources and proactive assistance could be provided.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Foster lasting partnerships with clinical research sites. 2. Automate site status updates and notifications. 3. Remain flexible in accommodating site requests and provide additional resources as needed.
5	Lasting partnerships with clinical research sites, automated site status updates and notifications, strong site relationships and consistent backup contacts for CRAs.	Fully optimized for efficiency, real-time data exchange, and full capacity operation at all sites.	Maintain and continuously improve systems and processes.

Capability 4: Site Operations, Data, and Reporting

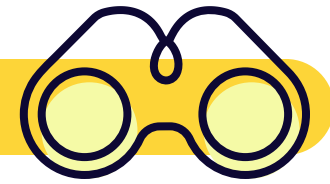


Effective management of site operations and reporting is crucial for maintaining control over your clinical trials. This domain looks at how well your organization conducts feasibility and selects sites for your studies, collects and aggregates data and analytics from sites, uses this data to make operational decisions, and maintains inspection readiness at sites. Achieving maturity in this area can provide valuable insights, improve decision-making, and reduces risk to improve inspection readiness.

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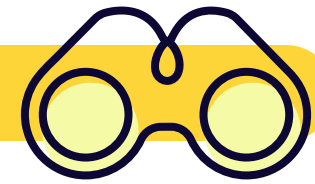


Capability 4: Site Operations, Data, and Reporting



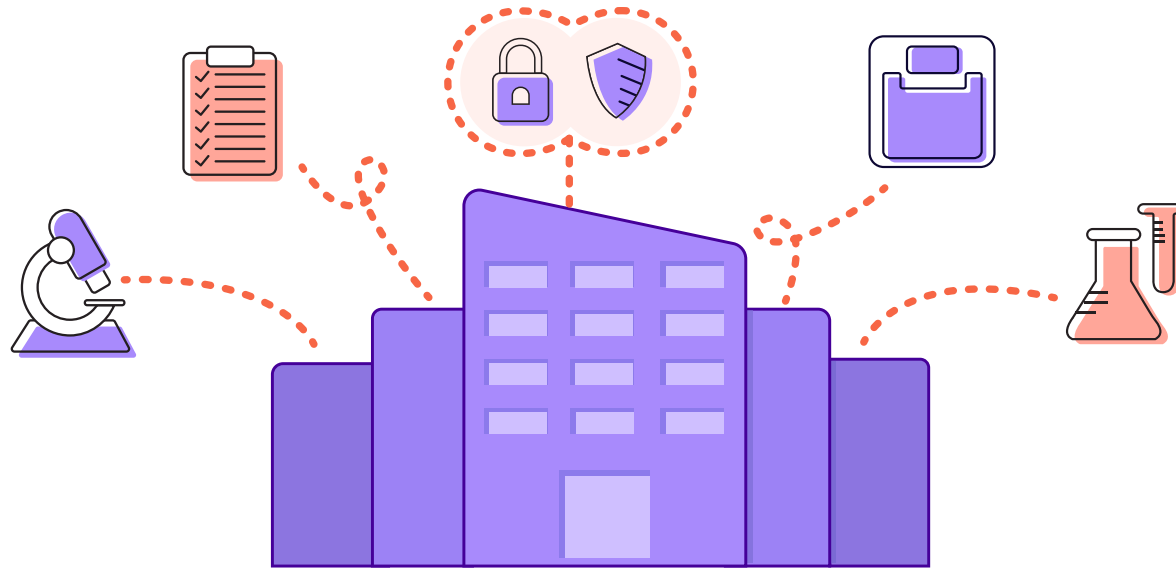
Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
1	No collection of operational data, no use of site data for operational decisions, reliance on past performance data for feasibility studies and site selection, no use of real-time data insights for maintaining inspection readiness.	Limited insights, lack of real-time decision-making, limited site selection, and potential inspection risks.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Begin to collect basic operational data from sites. 2. Start utilizing site data in making operational decisions. 3. Incorporate operational data into feasibility studies and site selection. 4. Start integrating site operational data into inspection readiness processes.
2	Collection of basic site capacity data, sporadic use of site data for operational decisions, initiation of incorporation of operational data into feasibility studies and site selection, integration of some/ static/aging site operational data into inspection readiness processes.	Lack of real-time monitoring, limited ability to react in real-time, site selection leans heavily on past performances, not fully automated inspection readiness processes.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Improve systems to collect and aggregate operational data. 2. Develop systems to regularly collect and analyze site data. 3. Broaden site selection to sites beyond existing relationships. 4. Improve the use of site operational data in inspection readiness processes.
3	Improved collection and aggregation of operational data, regular collection and analysis of site data, use of real-time site data in site feasibility and site selection, use of some real-time data in maintaining inspection readiness.	Limited real-time analysis, lack of proactive issue identification, constrained and manual feasibility studies and site selection, lack of real-time insights for maintaining inspection readiness.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop robust systems for collecting and aggregating operational data. 2. Improve ability to react in real-time and identify potential issues. 3. Incorporate predictive analytics for estimating site performance. 4. Automate inspection readiness processes.

Capability 4: Site Operations, Data, and Reporting



Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
4	Robust systems for collecting and aggregating operational data, use of site data to influence operational decisions, use of real-time operational data in feasibility studies and site selection, use of real-time operational data to identify inspection risks.	Not fully developed real-time analysis capabilities, predicting site performance remains a challenge, some aspects of the inspection readiness process still require manual intervention.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop a comprehensive and adaptive system for collecting and aggregating operational data. 2. Leverage real-time data to proactively address potential issues. 3. Rely on real-time feasibility information that sites update and maintain. 4. Use real-time data insights that actively identify a full range of document risks
5	Comprehensive and adaptive system for collecting and aggregating operational data, use of real-time data for operational decision-making, use of real-time and predictive site performance data for feasibility studies and site selection, use of real-time data insights for maintaining inspection readiness.	Fully optimized for efficiency, real-time data exchange, and full capacity operation at all sites.	Maintain and continuously improve systems and processes.

Capability 5: Organizational Design



The design of your organization can have a significant impact on the success of your clinical trials. This domain focuses on how well your organization engages in site-centric conversations, budgets for site-owned and site-deployed technology, and dedicated staff for enabling research sites with technology. Advancing in this area can lead to more effective communication, better resource allocation, and a more supportive and productive environment for your study sites.

Enter Your Score Here:

Capability 5: Organizational Design



Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
1	No engagement in site-centric conversations, no budget for site-based or site-deployed technology, no dedicated staff for enabling research sites with technology.	Limited collaboration, lack of technology support, and limited operational efficiency.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Start recognizing the importance of engaging sites in study operations. 2. Begin to budget for site-based and site-deployed technology. 3. Recognize the need for dedicated staff to enable research sites with technology.
2	Early stages of implementing procedures to engage sites in study operations, sporadic budgeting for site-based or site-deployed technology, shared responsibilities among different team members for enabling research sites with technology.	Limited proactive engagement, insufficient budget allocations, and limited support for sites.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Participate in site-focused industry conferences. 2. Allocate some budget towards reimbursing sites with existing technology stacks or providing them with necessary tech 3. Dedicate a few team members to engaging sites and helping them adopt technology.
3	Participation in site-focused industry conferences, some budget allocated towards reimbursing sites with existing technology stacks or providing them with necessary tech, a few team members dedicated to engaging sites and helping them adopt technology.	Lack of systematic budgeting, lack of full-time roles dedicated to supporting sites with technology-related challenges and risks.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Invite sites to help in the protocol design stages and feasibility evaluations. 2. Integrate budgeting for site-based and site-deployed technology into the budgeting process. 3. Include dedicated roles focused on engaging sites and supporting their technology adoption.

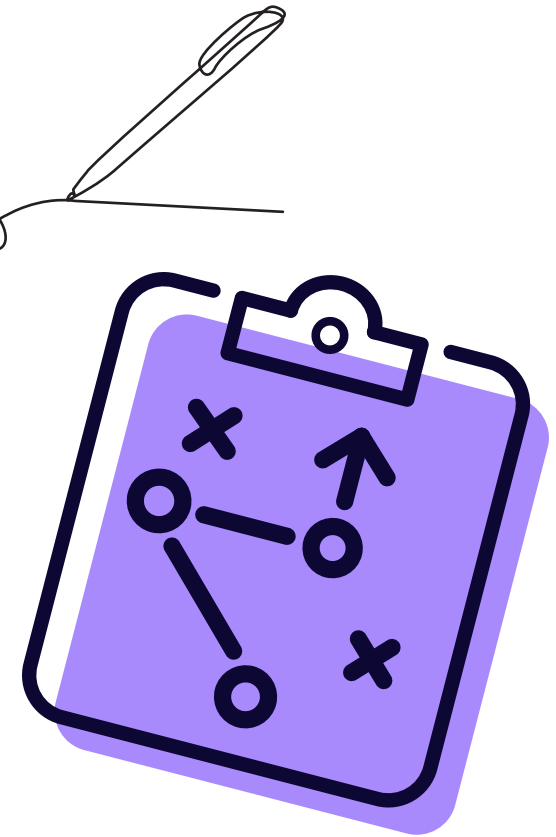
Capability 5: Organizational Design

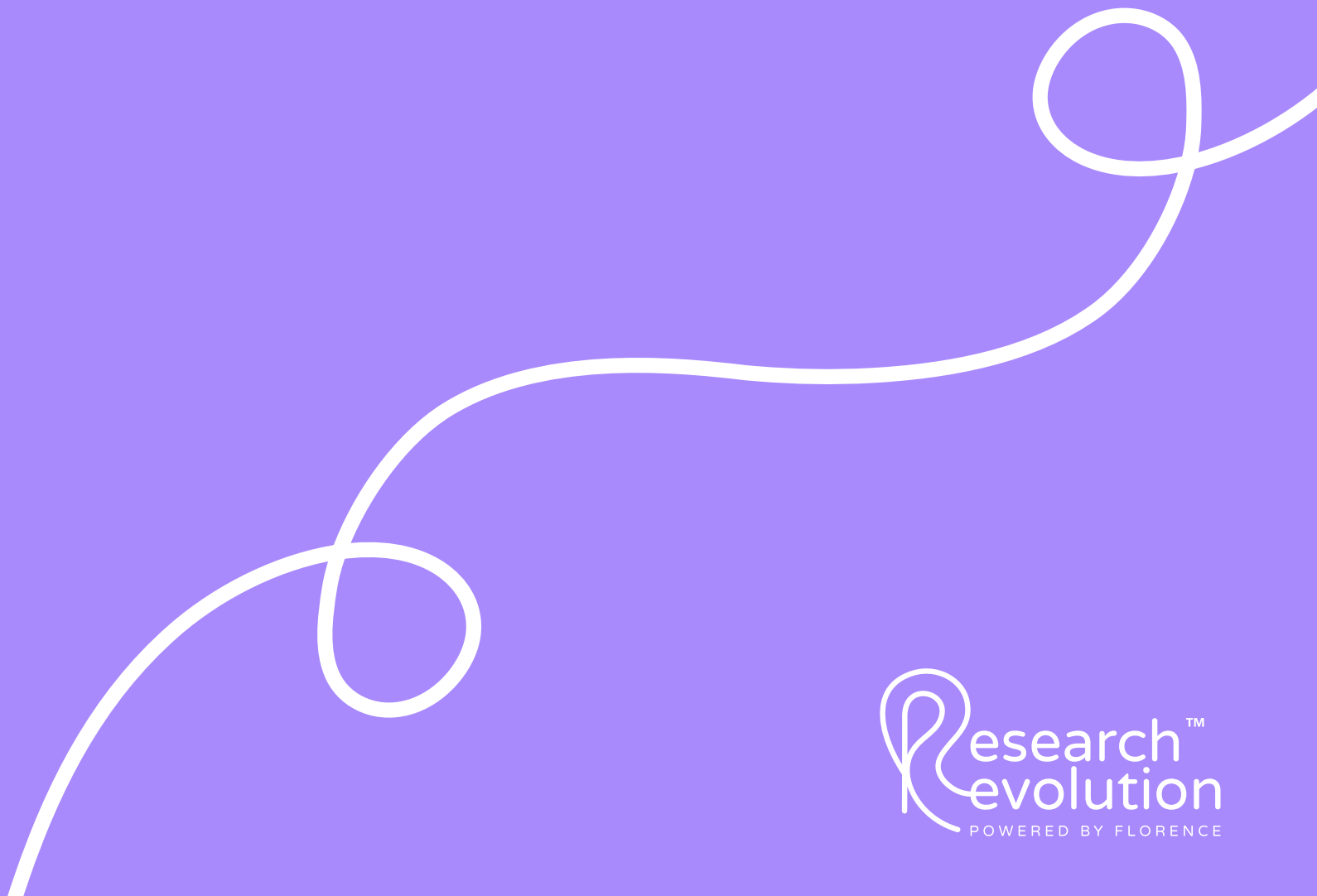


Level	Capability Detail	Negative Impact	Steps to Next Level
4	Active engagement of sites in various early stages of operations, consistent budgeting for site-based and site-deployed technology, dedicated roles focused on engaging sites and supporting their technology adoption.	Need for more proactive approach in assisting sites, budget provisions might not cover all technological needs, need for a fully dedicated team to support all aspects of technology enablement at research sites.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Invite sites to help evaluate and select technology that will be deployed to them during the study. 2. Ensure budget provisions cover all the technological needs of the sites. 3. Develop a fully dedicated team to support all aspects of technology enablement at research sites.
5	Comprehensive approach to engaging sites earlier in operations, dedicated budgets for site-based and site-deployed technology, dedicated staff focused on engaging sites, helping sites adopt technology, and supporting sites with technology-related challenges and risks.	Fully optimized for efficiency, real-time data exchange, and full capacity operation at all sites.	Maintain and continuously improve systems and processes.

Conclusion

Site Enablement Score	
Workflow Automation	
Remote Site Collaboration	
Site Engagement	
Site Operations and Reporting	
Organizational Design	
	Overall: <input type="text"/>





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